A Joint Neighbor Bound for Primitive Digraphs

Mahmud Akelbek Mathematics and Statistics, University of Regina akelbek@math.uregina.ca

Abstract

For a primitive digraph D, the exponent of D is the smallest positive integer t such that for every pair of vertices u and v there is a directed walk from u to v of length t, and it is denoted by exp(D). The scrambling index of a primitive digraph D is the smallest positive integer m such that for every pair of vertices u and v, we can get to a vertex w in D by directed walks of length m, and it is denoted by k(D). In this talk, we present upper bounds for k(D) in terms of the length of the shortest cycle of D, and compare with other primitive digraph parameters, exp(D) and the Lewin index l(D).