Techniques for solving indefinite linear systems

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In this talk we will discuss solution techniques for solving 2×2 block indefinite linear systems whose (2, 2) block is zero:

$$\left(\begin{array}{cc}A & B\\B^T & 0\end{array}\right)\left(\begin{array}{c}x\\y\end{array}\right) = \left(\begin{array}{c}c\\d\end{array}\right) \,.$$

The matrix A is typically square, say $n \times n$, and B is $n \times p$, where $p \leq n$.

Many applications lead to linear systems with such a structure: problems arising from constrained optimization, least squares problems, the linearized Navier-Stokes equations, inverse problems in geophysics, and numerous other problems.

Schur Complement techniques, null-space methods, and the properties of preconditioning techniques for Krylov subspace solvers will be discussed. Some attention will be given to unusual cases such as a singular (1, 1) block or a nearly rank deficient constraint matrix.