

Method for reduction dimension of the problem by two with application in thermoelasticity.

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Approach to reduction of the problem dimension, which formulated in form of system of partial differential equation in N-dimensional Euclidian space by two have been developed. Roughly speaking the approach consists in the following. Parameters of the problem are expanded into polynomial Legendre series in terms of the thickness. Then obtained N-1 dimensional problem is solved using boundary integral equation method (BIEM).

The expansion of the elastostatic equations into polynomial Legendre series in terms of the thickness in the shell theory is widely used (see [1] for references). Such approach has been used in for solution of the unilateral contact problem through the heat-conducting layer for plates [2]. Some additional theoretical results and numerical examples related to that problem have been presented in [3, 4].

The problem of the application of the BIEM to the analysis of the differential equations obtained by expansion equations into polynomial Legendre series in terms of the thickness and particularly equations of the elastic shells with complex geometry has been studied in [5, 6].

The approach developed in above mentioned publication is generalized, new theoretical results and numerical examples will be presented in the work. References:

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3. Zozulya V.V. Contact cylindrical shell with a rigid body through the heat-conducting layer in transitional temperature field, Mechanics of Solids, 1991, 2, pp.160-165
4. V.V. Zozulya and M. Aguilar Thermo-elastic contact and heat transfer between plates and shells through the heat-conducting layer, Heat transfer 2000, Eds. Sunden B., Brebbia C. A. 2000, Computational Mechanics Publications, Southampton, UK and Boston, USA, 123-132.

5. Zozulya V.V. The boundary integral equations for the shells of arbitrary geometry, International Applied Mechanics, 1998, 34(5), pp. 79-83
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